

Russia s grid energy storage requirements







Overview

Report (Energy storage systems application in Russia, 2019) identifies four models for using storage devices in the power system that are possible for Russia (Fig. 10.10).

How can ESS help the Russian energy system?

In addition, the use of ESS can contribute to solving other problems of the development of the Russian energy system, such as replacing and shifting the timing of investment projects in the grid complex using storage devices, improving the quality of electricity, and developing the market for system services.

How many power systems are there in Russia?

Today it is the world's largest centrally controlled power grid, consisting of 70 local energy systems in 81 regions of Russia. Regional energy systems are integrated into 6 united power systems parallel operating in parallel: united power system of Central Russia, South, North-West, Middle Volga, Urals and Siberia.

How old are grid assets in Russia?

As noted at the beginning of this section, the age of grid assets in Russia today ranges from 40 to 60 years, and the Russian energy sector is gradually entering a new investment cycle, which will require an increasing volume of replacement of these assets.

How can the Russian energy system be more flexible?

Another way of increasing the flexibility of the Russian energy system, which is necessary for the successful integration of growing volumes of renewable energy sources, can be virtual power plants (VPP). VPP provides aggregation of profiles of many real power plants distributed over the territory (Fig. 10.8).

Can a smart grid be implemented in Russia?



However, in practice, the implementation of a smart grid may not include the use of all technological capabilities and be limited only to a small set of technical solutions that solve the most pressing problems for a grid company. This is the situation that is now more typical for the development of smart grids in Russia.

How a grid organization can improve charging infrastructure in Russia?

Considering that grid organizations in the Russian Federation are the main initiators of the development of charging infrastructure, they can get an additional economic effect by increasing the volume of transmitted power.



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<u>USAID Energy Storage Decision Guide for Policymakers</u>

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